

NOTEWORTHY COLLECTION

CALIFORNIA

CAMPANULA ANGUSTIFLORA Eastw. (CAMPANULACEAE).—El Dorado Co., Volcanoville, 38.971111, -120.821111, 792 m, El Dorado National Forest Road 13N56, between Cock Robin Point (west), Jakeys Hill (east), Otter Creek (south), and American River Middle Fork (north), found near the perimeter of the Trailhead Fire (June 2016) scar, along ridgeline, growing among burned *Quercus*, *Pinus*, *Arctostaphylos nissenana* Merriam, and *A. viscida* Parry, some isolated individuals, many emerging in cache-like clusters, 100+ plants observed, 8 May 2017, Steven Serkanic 173 (DAV 223968).—Mendocino County, Anchor Bay, 5.8 km east of Hwy 1 on Iversen Road, on the first ridge east of the coast, 38.851411, -123.594334, 350m, on compact sand under shrubs, with *Arctostaphylos nummularia* A.Gray, *Pseudotsuga menziesii* (Mirb.) Franco, *Quercus wislizeni* A.DC., *Pickeringia montana* Nutt., $\pm$ 25 plants seen, May 5, 2015, Nancy Morin 701 (UC2070664), annual, 5–20 cm tall, leaves oblong-ovate, 4.5–9 mm, leathery, flowers pedicelled, sepals erect, converging in fruit, corolla 2.5–6 mm, cylindrical, pale blue to white, the lobes suberect, capsule spheric, strongly ribbed, with pores near the middle of the capsule.

Previous knowledge. *Campanula angustiflora* is known from only about 20 localities, all in northern and central California (Morin 1980). It has been reported from the inner North Coast Range and the eastern edge of the Outer North Coast Range from Lake and Napa counties, easternmost Sonoma County, and westernmost Solano and Colusa counties; outlying populations are in the San Francisco Bay Region in southernmost Marin County on Mount Tamalpais and northern Santa Cruz County (Morin 2012). *Campanula angustiflora* occurs in

chaparral, on serpentine soils, and in recently burned areas.

Significance. The El Dorado Co. collection is the first locality reported in the Sierra Nevada, 130 km east of the next closest population, which is in western Colusa County; it is in an area that burned in June of 2016. The Mendocino County collection is the first report from the North Coast Subregion (Baldwin et al. 2012), 63 km west of the next closest population, which is in Lake County. It occurs in vegetation similar to the *Hesperocyparis pigmaea* (Lemmon) Bartel alliance (CNPS 2018) found further north near Albion and Fort Bragg, on compact, white sand.

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